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| APPLICATION NO. | F | ILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|---------------------------------------|------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| 10/664,421 | (| 09/16/2003 | Ryan Bremer | 039363-0703 | 3203 | |
| 30542 | 7590 | 02/09/2006 | | EXAM | EXAMINER | |
| FOLEY & LARDNER LLP P.O. BOX 80278 | | | | NASHED, N. | NASHED, NASHAAT T | |
| SAN DIEGO, CA 92138-0278 | | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | • | | | 1656 | | |

DATE MAILED: 02/09/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | 10/664,421 | BREMER ET AL. | | | | |
| | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | | Nashaat T. Nashed, Ph. D. | 1656 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | | | |
| WHIC - External after - If NC - Failu Any | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | |
| 1)⊠ | Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Se | eptember 2003. | | | | | |
| 2a) <u></u> | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This | action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3)□ | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | |
| | closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4 | 53 O.G. 213. | | | | |
| Dispositi | on of Claims | • | | | | | |
| 5) 6) 7) | Claim(s) <u>1-119</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) <u>1-119</u> are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | | | | | |
| Applicati | on Papers | | | | | | |
| 10) | The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex | epted or b) objected to by the ld drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | |
| Priority u | ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) a)[| Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau see the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage | | | | |
| Attachmen | | | | | | | |
| | e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da | | | | | |
| 3) 🔲 Inforr | r No(s)/Mail Date | | ratent Application (PTO-152) | | | | |

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Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-14, 76-88, and 109-116, drawn to *in silico* method to identify ligands for PIM-1, classified in class 702, subclass 27.
- II. Claims 15 and 19, drawn to *in vitro* method to identify ligand for PIM-1, classified in class 435, subclass 15.
- III. Claims 20-25, drawn to a method of determining the three dimensional structure of a protein kinase, classified in class 702, subclass 27.
- IV. Claim26-48 and 104-108, drawn to a crystal of PIM-1 with and without a ligand and method of making, classified in class 435, subclass 194.
- V. Claims 49-55, drawn to a method of modulating PIM-1, classified in class 435, subclass 194.
- VI. Claims 56-75, drawn to electronic representation of PIM-1 and homology models obtained by using said representation, classified in class 702, subclass 27.
- VII. Claims 89-98, drawn to a method of attaching a kinase-binding compound, classified in class 702, subclass 27.
- VIII. Claims 99-103, drawn to modified compound, classified in class 540, subclass 1+.
- IX. Claims 117-119, drawn to a method of treating disease, classified in class 514, subclass 183.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I-III, V, VII, and IX are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are independent methods having different mode of operation, and product, and have different steps.

The crystal of inventions IV and the methods of inventions I-III, V, VII, and IX are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions,

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or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the methods of inventions I-III, V, VII, and IX do not utilize the crystal of invention IV.

The crystal of inventions IV and the electronic representation of invention VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together.

The crystal of inventions IV and the compound of invention VIII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are independent chemical entities and require different searches in the patent and non-patent literature.

The electronic representation of invention VI and the methods of inventions III, VII, and I are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the electronic representation can be used in many methods including the methods of inventions III, VII and I.

The electronic representation of inventions VI and the methods of inventions II, V, and IX as well as the crystal of invention IV and the modified compounds of invention VIII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the electronic representation of invention VI are not utilized in the method of inventions II, V, and IX. Also, they are not disclosed as capable to use with the crystal of invention IV or the modified compound of invention VIII.

The compound of inventions VIII, the method of determining the three dimensional structure of invention III, and the electronic representation of inventions VI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the compound of invention VIII is not disclosed as capable to be used with electronic representation of invention VI, and is not utilized by the method of invention III.

The compound of inventions VIII and the methods of invention II, V, VII, and I are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to

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make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the product can be obtained and identified by many methods including the methods of inventions II, V, VII, and I.

Inventions VIII and IX are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the disease can be treated by different method such a surgery or different compounds.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re*

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Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nashaat T. Nashed, Ph. D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0934. The examiner can normally be reached on MTWTF.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kathleen M. Kerr can be reached on 571-272-0931. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nashaat T. Nashed, Ph. D.

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1656